

Pollution Incident Response Summary

Project:	Rozelle Interchange – Design and Construct		
Contract Number:	15.7105.1373		
Document Number:	RIC-JHC-MPL-00-PL-261-005		
Revision Date:	14 June 2019		

Document Approval

Rev	Date	Prepared by	Reviewed by	Approved by	Remarks
0	14/06/2019	JHCPB			For display on project's website



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The John Holland & CPB Joint Venture (JHCPB) has developed this Pollution Incident Response Summary and made it publicly available in accordance with clause 98D(2) and 98D(3) of the Protection of the Environmental Operations (General) Regulation 2009 for environment protection licence (EPL) No. 21278.

Authorities to notify

In the event of a pollution incident associated with the project that causes or threatens 'material harm' to the environment as defined in Section 147 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, JHCPB will notify the following authorities.

Relevant authority	Contact details	JHCPB personnel responsible to contact authority [^]	
Fire and Rescue NSW	000 (only in the event of an incident that presents an immediate threat to human health or property)	WHS Manager / Environmental and Sustainability Manager	
EPA	(02) 9995 5000 131 555	Environmental and Sustainability Manager	
Ministry of Health / Camperdown Public Health Unit	Business hours: (02) 9515 9420 After hours: (02) 9515 6111 (ask for Public Health Officer on call)	Environmental and Sustainability Manager	
SafeWork NSW	131 050	WHS Manager	
Inner West Council	(02) 9392 5000	Environmental and Sustainability Manager	
Fire and Rescue NSW	1300 729 579 (if Fire and Rescue was not contacted initially)	WHS Manager / Environmental and Sustainability Manager	

Community notifications

In the event of a potential or actual pollution incident, whether or not the local stakeholders are notified depends on the incident type and severity. Community stakeholder notification is required for events that:

- Will result in unacceptable health risk to community stakeholders immediately and at the time of the pollution incident, where community stakeholders are present (e.g. residing in their houses or using adjacent recreational facilities at the time of the incident)
- Will result in an unacceptable health risk to the community for instances where pollution of an area that is to be used by community members in the days and weeks following the incident (until such time when the pollution hazard is removed). These community stakeholders may not be present during the incident but might be present following the incident.

An unacceptable impact is defined as one which has the potential to adversely affect the health of a member of the community. This takes into consideration immediate health impacts (that occur during the incident) and health risks in the period following the incident.

The Environment and Sustainability Manager, in consultation with the applicable Project Manager and the Community Relations Manager will determine if community notification is required, the mechanisms by which the notification is made and the extent of the notification. If appropriate, notification will include specific information to minimise the risk of harm, e.g. instructions to close windows and doors, or avoid contact with creeks/waterways.

The Community Relations Manager will coordinate the notification of surrounding premises and residents. Communication methods may include:

- Face to face and/or telephone contact;
- Letterbox drops;
- Update to project website;
- Email distribution of messages;
- Provide protective fencing and barricading to prevent community stakeholders from entering into an affected area
- Use of technology such as Variable Message / Motorway signage and radio communications.

Surrounding residents and other land users may also need to be notified at the direction of the Emergency Services Site Controller, the EPA or the Ministry of Health, depending on the nature and extent of the incident.

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